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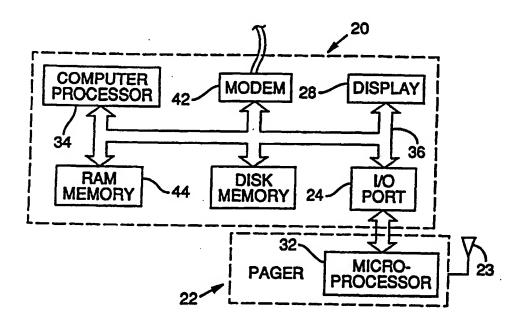
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(54) Title: PAGER EQUIPPED COMPUTER



(57) Abstract

An improved personal computer (20) includes an interface (24) to a paging receiver (22), thereby providing, among other advantages, remote communication and control capabilities not heretofore known in either the paging or computer arts.

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PAGER EQUIPPED COMPUTER

- 2 Related Application Data
- 3 The present application is a continuation-in-part of
- 4 copending application Serial No. 07/356,630, filed May
- 5 30, 1989, which is a division of Serial No. 06/802,844,
- 6 filed November 27, 1985, now U.S. Patent 4,713,808, and
- 7 is also a continuation-in-part of copending application
- 8 Serial No. 07/326,491, filed March 17, 1989, which is a
- 9 continuation of Serial No. 07/101,252, filed September
- 10 25, 1987 and now abandoned, which is a division of Serial
- 11 No. 06/802,844, filed November 27, 1985, now U.S. Patent
- 12 4,713,808.

- 13 Field of the Invention
- 14 The present invention relates to radio paging systems,
- 15 and more particularly to the combination of such paging
- 16 systems with personal computers.
- 17 Background and Summary of the Invention
- 18 Personal computers are important and videly used tools in
- 19 our society. Many personal computer have communication
- 20 capabilities such as modems or connections to LAMS (i.e.
- 21 local area networks). Furthermore some computer modems
- 22 have the capability of communicating by radio signals.
- 23 Radio paging systems are also important and widely used
- 24 systems in our society. A radio paging system is a
- 25 specialized type of communication system which is
- 26 designed to alert an individual that someone is seeking

- 1 to contact them. Such systems are relatively low cost
- 2 and they generally communicate short messages in only one
- 3 direction with no automatic acknowledgement capability.
- 4 An example of a radio paging system is shown in U.S.
- 5 Patent 4,713,808 (Gaskill) which is assigned to the
- 6 assignee of the present invention.
- 7 The capabilities of traditional personal computers and
- 8 traditional radio pagers have not heretofore been
- 9 exploited in tandem. The present invention
- 10 advantageously couples these two technologies and in so
- 11 doing, provides a number of important features not
- 12 previously achieved in either the personal paging or
- 13 computer arts.
- 14 In todays society, many people spend long hours watching
- 15 the screens of their personal computer. Combining a
- 16 radio paging network with a personal computer provides a
- 17 very effective means of communicating paging messages to
- 18 such people.

- 1 Summary of the Invention
- 2 In accordance with the present invention, a personal
- 3 computer (either desktop, laptop, or notebook) is
- 4 provided with a paging receiver. The pager enhances the
- 5 computer's general purpose utility by providing it with a
- 6 means of receiving short messages without unduly
- 7 burdening the computer with overhead housekeeping
- 8 operations. The computer likewise enhances the pagers
- 9 utility by providing a means for displaying paging
- 10 messages on the screen where an operator will readily see
- 11 them and by providing logging and acknowledgement
- 12 capability. The combined system can provide new
- 13 features, such as audit trails, multi-address paging
- 14 reception, and dial-up feedback to the originating paging
- 15 system, that have previously been unknown in the personal
- 16 paging art.
- 17 The foregoing and additional features and advantages of
- 18 the present invention will be more readily apparent from
- 19 the following detailed description thereof, which
- 20 proceeds with reference to the accompanying drawings.
- 21 Brief Description of the Drawings
- 22 Fig. 1 is a schematic diagram of a paging system
- 23 employing a pager equipped computer according to one
- 24 embodiment of the present invention.
- 25 Fig. 1A is a diagram of one of the printed circuit plug
- 26 in cards in the personal computer shown in Fig. 1.

- 1 Fig. 2 is a schematic block diagram of a paging receiver
- 2 used in the pager equipped computer of Fig. 1.
- 3 Fig. 3 is a schematic block diagram illustrating the
- 4 pager equipped computer of Fig. 1.
- 5 Fig. 4 is a flow chart illustrating operation of
- 6 interfacing software used in the pager equipped computer
- 7 of Fig. 1.
- 8 Fig. 5 is a map of RAM memory used in the personal
- 9 computer of Fig. 1.
- 10 <u>Detailed Description</u>
- 11 Applicant hereby incorporates by reference the
- 12 disclosures of US Patents 4,897,835, 4,893,341,
- 13 4,885,802, 4,870,372 and 4,713,808, each of which is
- 14 owned by the present assignee and relates to a paging
- 15 system (the "Gaskill system") with which the present
- 16 invention is illustrated.
- 17 Referring to Fig. 1, the illustrated paging system 10
- 18 includes a clearinghouse 12, a plurality of transmitter
- 19 stations 14, a plurality of wristwatch paging receivers
- 20 16, and one or more pager/computers 18. As described in
- 21 the previously referenced patents, the clearinghouse 12
- 22 is a automated centralized facility which accepts
- 23 telephone messages, validates customer identification,
- 24 determines message destinations, and routes messages to

- 1 the appropriate transmitter stations for transmission.
- 2 Callers to the system dial a local clearinghouse
- 3 telephone number and hear voice prompts which guide them
- 4 through a simple process for sending messages. Each
- 5 transmitter station 14 in the illustrated embodiment is
- 6 an FM radio station that modulates paging signals on a
- 7 subcarrier of its broadcast signal, as detailed in the
- 8 above-referenced Gaskill patents.
- 9 The paging receivers 16 are wrist mounted devices which
- 10 include radio paging circuitry in a case which has a
- 11 wristwatch form factor. An important aspect of a paging
- 12 system is that the paging receiver should be located so
- 13 that the display can be viewed easily and often.
- 14 Locating the paging message display in a wristwatch and
- 15 in the screen of a prsonal computer satisfies this
- 16 requirement.
- 17 Each pager/computer 18 comprises a conventional personal
- 18 computer 20, which has a special card plugged into its
- 19 bus. The additional card 22A is shown in Figure 1A.
- 20 Card 22A has a series of contacts 22C which fit into a
- 21 standard PC bus slot and a standard holding bracket 22D.
- 22 Card 22A has mounted thereon a paging receiver of the
- 23 type described in the above reference patent application.
- 24 Standard interface circuity 24 connects circuit 22 to the
- 25 appropriate power and data interface pins in connector
- 26 22C and provides the other standard interface circuitry
- 27 needed by a PC plug in card. Paging receiver 22 receives

- 1 .radio signals over an antenna 23 which extends outside
- 2 the PC's metal case.
- 3 Personal computers 20 are well known in the art and are
- 4 available from a variety of vendors, including IBM, Apple
- 5 and Compag. The computer 20 in Fig. 1 is illustrated
- 6 with an associated screen display 28 that includes a
- 7 window 30 in which paging messages may be presented. It
- 8 should be noted that a personal computer is a
- 9 fundamentally different device than what is often termed
- 10 a microprocessor. A personal computer generally includes
- 11 a microprocessor, but a personal computer is a device
- 12 that includes in addition to a microprocessor, a memory
- 13 system, I/O for alphanumeric textual material, and an
- 14 operating system for handling alphanumeric textual
- 15 material and commands.
- 16 As described in the above referenced patent, paging
- 17 receiver 22 is highly miniaturized and it could be
- 18 mounted directly to the rear panel of the computer rather
- 19 than being mounted on a separate card. The only evidence
- 20 that the computer 12 includes a pager would be a small
- 21 antenna 23 extending therefrom. The paging receiver 22
- 22 includes a small microprocessor 32 to implement the
- 23 pager's repertoire of functions. In the present
- 24 embodiment processor 32 is dedicated to control of the
- 25 pager circuitry.
- 26 Interfacing of the paging receiver 22 to the computer 20
- 27 is effected by a hardware interface 24, which is

- 1 recognized and controlled by an associated software
- 2 routine 26 (Fig. 5). The hardware interface can be one
- 3 of two types. In the first type, the interface connects
- 4 the paging receiver directly to the system bus 36 of the
- 5 personal computer. Such an implementation is desirable
- 6 if the paging receiver is included as an integral part of
- 7 the computer, rather than as a peripheral. In the second
- 8 type, (not shown) the interface connects the paging
- 9 receiver to one of the computer's external I/O ports.
- 10 Interface through an external I/O port eliminates the
- 11 need for any dedicated interfacing hardware. Rather, the
- 12 interfacing hardware is the computer's own I/O card.
- 13 Fig. 4 illustrates, in flow chart fashion, an
- 14 illustrative software interfacing routine 26 that may be
- 15 executed on the computer 20 to interface the paging
- 16 receiver 22. The details of illustrative paging
- 17 receivers 22 and their control microprocessors are
- 18 described in the above-referenced patents and are not
- 19 repeated here. Similarly, the basics of interfacing
- 20 peripheral devices through I/O ports of personal
- 21 computers are also well known in the art and well
- 22 described in the literature.
- 23 Routine 26 is an interrupt service routine that is
- 24 invoked by the
- 25 computer's processor 34 in response to an interrupt
- 26 request signal issued by the pager to the computer's I/O
- 27 port 24. The pager can issue an interrupt request signal
- 28 in response to a number of events, most usually the
- 29 receipt of a paging message. In response to such an

- 1 interrupt signal, the computer processor 34 saves its
- 2 current machine state and associated pointers in
- 3 registers and executes the routine 26.
- 4 As can be seen from Fig. 4, the illustrated interrupt
- 5 routine 26, once invoked, causes the computer's processor
- 6 to read an instruction word (4-bits) provided to the I/O
- 7 port by the pager. This instruction word is composed by
- 8 the pager microprocessor in accordance with the operation
- 9 it wants the computer's processor to perform, as detailed
- 10 more fully below. The routine 26 examines this
- 11 instruction word and serially compares it against its
- 12 sixteen possible values. When a match is found, the
- 13 computer processor 34 has identified what function has
- 14 been requested and invokes a corresponding one of a
- 15 plurality of service routines A, B, C, etc.
- 16 The particular steps executed by service routines A, B,
- 17 C, etc. depend on the desired functionality of the pager-
- 18 equipped computer. The following discussion details a
- 19 few illustrative functions.
- 20 In a first function, the pager can invoke the large data
- 21 storage capacity of the computer to compile a historical
- 22 audit trail of all paging messages directed to one (or
- 23 more) paging addresses. In the illustrated embodiment,
- 24 this function is invoked by the pager issuing an
- 25 interrupt request to the computer and providing the
- 26 instruction word '0001' to the I/O port each time a new
- 27 message is received by the pager. (The pager already has

- 1 the capability to energize a "message waiting"
- 2 annunciator on its display when a message is received,
- 3 and the signal driving this annunciator can be provided
- 4 to the least significant bit of the instruction word bits
- 5 on the I/O port to yield the '0001' instruction word.)
- 6 In response to this '0001' instruction, the computer
- 7 processor can open a disk file containing a chronological
- 8 compilation of all messages received to date and can
- 9 provide back to the pager processor a signal instructing
- 10 it to provide the newly received message, one ASCII
- 11 character at a time, through the I/O port. This data,
- 12 which may include a date and time tag, are added to the
- 13 disk file. When an end-of-field character is encountered
- 14 among the data, the computer processor closes its disk
- 15 file and resumes its normal operation. Desirably, the
- 16 computer signals the response of a new message with a
- 17 screen icon or a beep to the user.
- 18 According to this aspect of the invention, the user may,
- 19 at his convenience, review newly received messages, or
- 20 may review earlier messages archived in the file. Such a
- 21 feature provides a backup capability in case the user's
- 22 usual pager misses a page for any reason, and also
- 23 provides an archival backup in case the contents or the
- 24 existence of a page ever become an issue.
- 25 In a second function, the pager can invoke the display
- 26 capabilities of the computer to display messages as they
- 27 are received. Such a function is especially useful for

- 1 long messages, which may be somewhat tedious to review
- 2 word by word on a wristwatch pager's limited display.
- 3 This function is performed similarly to the audit trail
- 4 function but, instead of writing the data to a disk file
- 5 (or in addition thereto), the computer, on command,
- 6 presents a window on the computer screen and displays the
- 7 text in the window. (The presentation of a window on a
- 8 display is well known in the computer arts and is
- 9 illustrated, for example, in U.S. Patents 4,868,765,
- 10 4,862,389, 4,860,247, 4,860,218, 4,839,805, 4,823,108,
- 11 4,794,386, 4,769,762, 4,769,636, 4,633,415, 4,555,775 and
- 12 4,481,603, the disclosures of which are incorporated
- 13 herein by reference.)
- 14 In a related embodiment, a line at the bottom of the
- 15 screen is dedicated at all times to display of the most
- 16 recent message, and includes an indication of the total
- 17 number of pages received in the past 24 hours. By this
- 18 arrangement, the user is constantly "on-line" and
- 19 monitoring transmissions as they occur.
- 20 In one embodiment, the originating paging system 12 can
- 21 be informed that a particular user has a computer
- 22 available to display long messages. In such case, rather
- 23 than having the user's wristwatch unit receive and store
- 24 lengthy messages, the originating system can instead
- 25 transmit the message with a datum that indicates the
- 26 message is to be received and stored by the computer
- 27 only. The system can send to the wristwatch pager a

- 1 different message indicating that a lengthy message has
- 2 been sent to the user's computer.
- 3 In a third function, which may optionally be performed in
- 4 tandem with any of the foregoing functions, the computer
- 5 may check to insure that no messages have been missed.
- 6 In the preferred embodiment of the Gaskill paging system,
- 7 each message is sent with a consecutive message number.
- 8 As these messages are transferred to the personal
- 9 computer, the computer checks that the message number of
- 10 each newly received message follows in sequence with the
- 11 immediately preceding message. If the computer notes
- 12 that message 4 is followed by message 6, it deduces that
- 13 message 5 has been missed. In response to this
- 14 determination, the computer presents an advisory notice
- 15 to the user on the computer display. In a more
- 16 sophisticated embodiment, the computer executes a
- 17 communications program that telephones a paging control
- 18 station 12 using an associated modem 42 and sends a
- 19 scripted series of commands to the system into which the
- 20 number of the missing page has been inserted. This
- 21 script causes the paging system to rebroadcast the
- 22 missing message. Such an embodiment thereby closes the
- 23 loop between the paging system and the user, insuring
- 24 high data integrity.
- 25 In a related embodiment, a modem is employed to
- 26 selectively telephone the paging system and confirm
- 27 receipt of a paging message. Such a procedure, while
- 28 overwhelming if practiced generally, is instituted in

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- 1 response to a series of control bits included with the
- 2 paging message indicating that the accompanying page is a
- 3 special one that should be affirmatively acknowledged.
- 4 The pager equipped computer may be programmed to respond
- 5 not to just one paging address, but to a plurality of
- 6 individual addresses. By such an arrangement, the
- 7 associated personal computer logs or displays messages
- 8 addressed to a group of users, such as members of a
- 9 family or employees of a certain business, instead of
- 10 just one. In the normal operation a pager only accepts a
- 11 message if there is a complete match on the entire 32 bit
- 12 address. By doing a match on less than the entire 32
- 13 bits, a pager can be programmed to accept messages
- 14 directed to an entire group of pagers. Alternately, by
- 15 providing a pager with additional programming, the pager
- 16 could be programmed to match a received address against a
- 17 number of desired addresses and thereby accept messages
- 18 addressed to anyone of a plurality of ID numbers. With
- 19 the present system, the capability of receiving messages
- 20 with more than one ID can be programmed in the pager
- 21 itself, or it can be programmed in response to commands
- 22 from the personal computer. Alternately, the pager can
- 23 send all messages to the personal computer, and the
- 24 personal computer can screen the messages and only select
- 25 those with certain ID codes.
- 26 In the simplest embodiment, the recipient address

- 27 decoding function is performed in the pager as described
- 28 in the referenced patent. However, as an alternative the

- 1 pager could send all messages that are received to the
- 2 personal computer and the address decoding could be
- 3 performed in the personal computer. The shifting of this
- 4 processing burden to the computer permits the monitored
- 5 addresses to be easily modified or updated as users join
- 6 or leave the group of interest. Irrespective of where
- 7 the decoding is performed, the pager operation does
- 8 require an address compare operation in order to make the
- 9 pager addressable from the central facility.
- 10 In a fourth function, the computer may monitor incoming
- 11 messages for a special symbol that indicates that the
- 12 associated message is not textual, but rather contains
- 13 instructions that the computer is to use to control some
- 14 other apparatus. For example, some computers are
- 15 presently used to control home appliances, lighting, and
- 16 heating/air conditioning equipment. The non-textual
- 17 instructions may be decoded by the computer and cause it
- 18 to turn on lights, turn down the heat, etc.
- 19 The interrupt routine and each of the above-described
- 20 service routines may be in the form of terminate and stay
- 21 resident programs (TSRs) loaded into the computer's RAM
- 22 memory 44 when the computer is booted. Fig. 5 is a map
- 23 of the computer memory showing these programs.
- 24 From the foregoing it will be recognized that the
- 25 equipping of a computer with a paging receiver provides a
- 26 number of communication and control capabilities that
- 27 have not heretofore been available in either the computer

- 1 or paging arts. Still further, the combination provides
- 2 certain benefits beyond those of the communication and
- 3 control type. One such benefit is the availability of a
- 4 highly accurate source of time data to the computer. The
- 5 Gaskill paging system transmits highly accurate time data
- 6 to each of the paging receivers to synchronize their
- 7 operation to that of the originating system 12. This
- 8 data can be used advantageously in unrelated applications
- 9 to which the computer may be put, including scientific
- 10 measurement applications in which a precision clock is
- 11 essential.
- 12 Having described and illustrated the principles of our
- 13 invention with reference to a preferred embodiment
- 14 thereof, it will be apparent that the invention can be
- 15 modified in arrangement and detail without departing from
- 16 such principles. For example, while the invention has
- 17 been illustrated with reference to a conventional
- 18 personal computer, it will be recognized that the
- 19 invention may similarly be applied to portable or
- 20 notebook computers, thereby further enhancing the
- 21 invention's utility. Further, it will be recognized that
- 22 a great number of functions beyond the limited repertoire
- 23 detailed above may be implemented using the basic pager
- 24 equipped computer invention.
- 25 Finally, it will be recognized that the invention finds
- 26 applicability with a number of paging systems besides the
- 27 illustrated Gaskill system. Other paging systems are
- 28 taught, together with details of other pager instruction

- 1 sets, in U.S. Patents 3,166,752, 3,427,633, 3,623,189,
- 2 3,647,356, 3,668,528, 3,693,089, 3,742,481, 3,902,022,
- 3 3,911,416, 3,980,952, 4,103,286, 4,151,367, 4,160,240,
- 4 4,181,893, 4,237,448, 4,247,893, 4,283,796, 4,359,133,
- 5 4,370,753, 4,378,551, 4,385,295, 4,398,192, 4,412,217,
- 6 4,419,668, 4,438,433, 4,500,961, 4,513,068, 4,521,776,
- 7 4,523,332, 4,545,695, 4,578,739, 4,613,859, 4,618,860,
- 8 4,618,946, 4,639,726, 4,644,347, 4,644,350, 4,649,538,
- 9 4,654,631, 4,661,972, 4,682,148, 4,691,281, 4,701,759,
- 10 4,704,740, 4,713,659, 4,718,109, 4,720,710, 4,727,485,
- 11 4,734,694, 4,737,978, 4,745,408, 4,754,423, 4,763,244,
- 12 4,763,250, 4,766,434, 4,766,537, 4,768,031, 4,769,641,
- 13 4,775,998, 4,775,999, 4,779,091, 4,786,902, 4,800,489,
- 14 4,804,955, 4,805,097, 4,811,379, 4,812,813, 4,814,763,
- 15 4,821,021, 4,823,123, 4,825,193, 4,835,777, 4,839,641,
- 16 4,845,485, 4,849,750, 4,851,830, 4,853,688, 4,855,731,
- 17 4,857,911, 4,857,915, 4,864,276, 4,866,431, 4,868,558,
- 18 4,868,561, 4,868,562, 4,868,563, 4,868,860, 4,870,410,
- 19 4,875,038, 4,875,038, 4,875,039, 4,875,039, 4,876,537,
- 20 4,876,537, 4,876,538, 4,876,538, 4,878,051, 4,878,051,
- 21 4,879,733, 4,880,712, 4,881,073, 4,881,150 and 4,882,579,
- 22 the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by
- 23 reference.
- 24 In view of the many possible embodiments to which our
- 25 invention is susceptible, it should be recognized that
- 26 the detailed embodiment is illustrative only and should
- 27 not be taken as limiting the scope of our invention.
- 28 Rather, we claim as our invention all such embodiments as
- 29 May fall within the scope and spirit of the following

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1 claims and equivalents thereto.

- 1 WE CLAIM:
- 2 1. A computational and messaging system comprising:
- 3 a personal computer, said personal computer including a
- 4 microprocessor, a memory, a display screen, an I/O
- 5 interface, and an operating system,
- 6 a radio paging receiver adapted to receive paging
- 7 messages and to produce output data corresponding
- 8 thereto,
- 9 means coupling said paging receiver to said I/O interface
- 10 in said personal computer,
- 11 means for selecting paging messages according to
- 12 specified critera and for providing said selected
- 13 messages for further processing,
- 14 programming means associated with said personal computer
- 15 for manipulating, acting upon and displaying data
- 16 received from said radio paging receiver,
- 17 whereby messages can be sent to said personal computer
- 18 over a radio paging network and operated on by said
- 19 personal computer.

- 1 2. The system recited in claim 1 including,
- 2 a paging message clearing house which can be reached by
- 3 normal telephone, and
- 4 means for sending to said computer paging messages
- 5 telephoned to said pager clearing house.
- 6 3. A paging method comprising the steps:
- 7 providing a personal computer having a individually
- 8 addressable paging receiver interfaced thereto;
- 9 receiving paging messages addressed to a predetermined
- 10 recipient;
- 11 providing data corresponding to said received paging
- 12 messages from the paging receiver to the personal
- 13 computer; and
- 14 storing said data in a memory associated with the
- 15 personal computer.

- 1 4. The method of claim 3 which further includes:
- 2 providing an interrupt signal to the personal computer
- 3 from the paging receiver in response to receipt of a
- 4 paging message addressed to the predetermined recipient;
- 5 responding to said interrupt signal by invoking an
- 6 interrupt routine on a processor integral to the personal
- 7 computer; and
- 8 providing the data corresponding to said received message
- 9 from the paging receiver to the personal computer in
- 10 reply to said interrupt routine.
- 11 5. The method of claim 3 in which a paging transmitter
- 12 broadcasts paging messages to a first plurality of
- 13 recipients and in which the method further includes the
- 14 steps:
- 15 receiving paging messages addressed to a second plurality
- 16 of predetermined recipients, said second plurality
- 17 comprising less recipients than the first plurality.
- 18 6. A paging method comprising the steps:
- 19 providing a personal computer having a paging receiver
- 20 interfaced thereto;

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- 1 receiving paging messages addressed to a predetermined
- 2 recipient;
- 3 providing data corresponding to said received paging
- 4 messages from the paging receiver to the personal
- 5 computer; and
- 6 displaying said data on a display screen associated with
- 7 the personal computer.

- 1 7. The method of claim 6 which further includes:
- 2 storing the data in a memory associated with the personal
- 3 computer;
- 4 indicating to the user of the personal computer that a
- 5 message has been received; and
- 6 displaying the data on the display screen in response to
- 7 a command issued by the user.
- 8 8. The method of claim 7 in which the displaying step
- 9 includes presenting a window on the display screen and
- 10 displaying the data in said window.
- 11 9. The method of claim 5 in which a paging transmitter
- 12 broadcasts paging messages to a first plurality of
- 13 recipients and in which the method further includes the
- 14 steps:
- 15 receiving paging messages addressed to a second
- 16 predetermined plurality of recipients, said second
- 17 plurality comprising less recipients than the first
- 18 plurality.

- 1 10. A paging system comprising,
- 2 a plurality of individually addressable paging receivers
- 3 in cases with wristwatch form factors,
- 4 a personal computer and an individually addressable
- 5 paging receiver interfaced with said personal computer,
- 6 a message clearing house which can receive telephoned
- 7 messages and transmit said messages to said individually
- 8 addressable paging receivers,
- 9 whereby messages from said clearinghouse can be made to
- 10 appear either on a wristmounted pager or on the screen of
- 11 a personal computer.

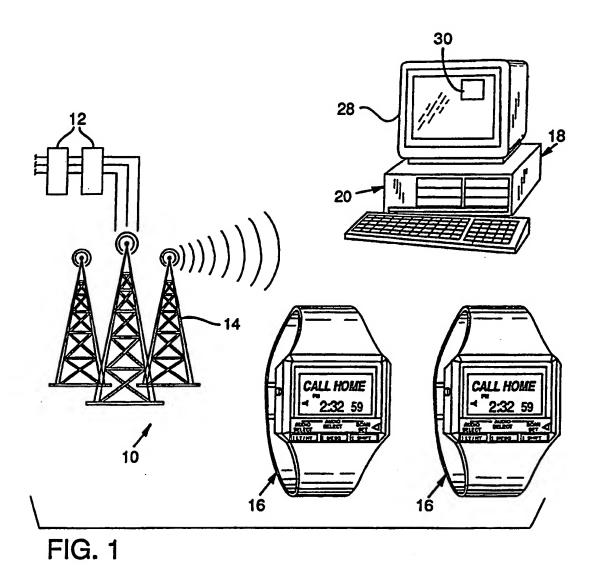
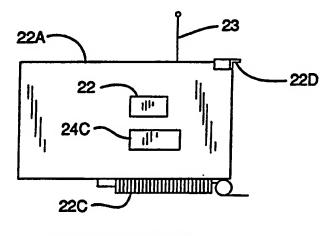


FIG. 1A



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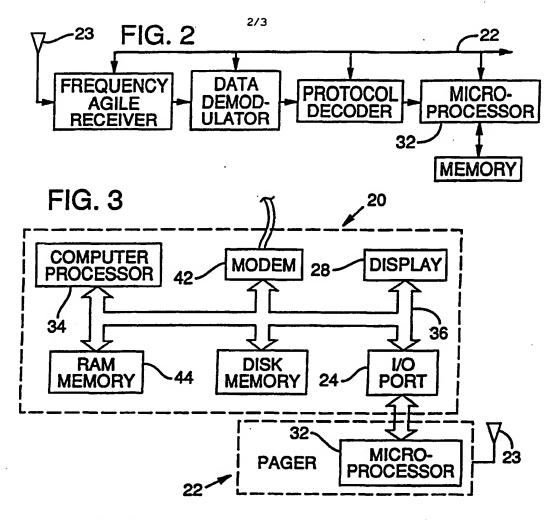
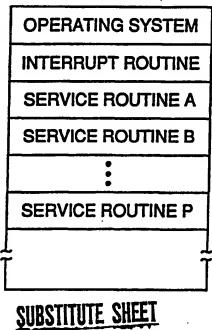
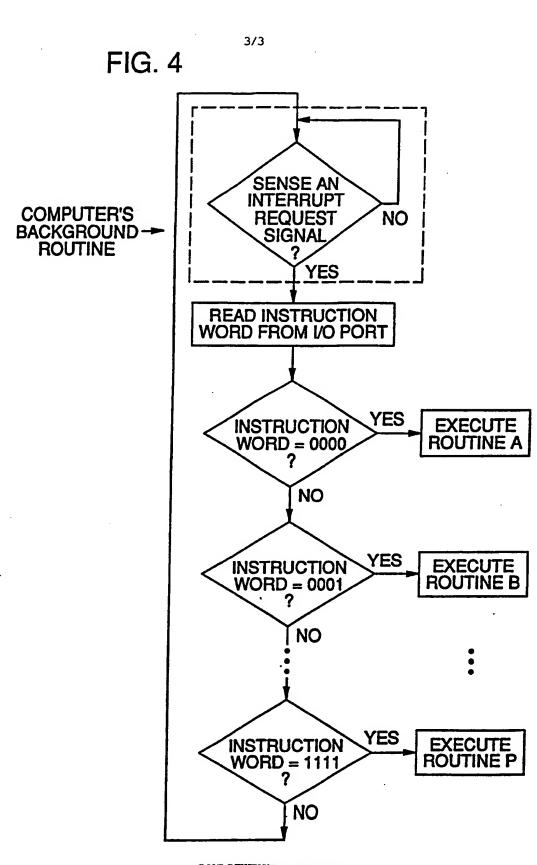


FIG. 5 RAM MEMORY





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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No PCT/US91/00731

I. CLASSIFICATION OF BUBJECT MATTER (if several classification symbols apply, indicate all)						
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC IPC (5-): H04Q 7/00; G08B 5/22						
U.S. CL: 340/825.44						
H. FIELDS SEARCHED						
Minimum Documentation Searched 4						
Classification System ! Classification Symbols						
v.s.	340/825.44, 825.47, 311.1 379/56,57,63 358/84					
455/31.32.38 364/705.05 364/705.05						
Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation						
to the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched *						
	IMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT 14					
Category *	Citation of Document, 14 with Indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages 17	Relevant to Claim No. 1"				
Y	US, A, 3,976,995 (SEBESTYEN) 24 August 1976 See abstract, Figs. 1-3, col.2, line 47- col. 3, line 3.	1-10				
Y	US, A, 4,644,351 (ZABARSKY ET AL.) 17 February 1987, See abstract, Fig. 1, 10, col. 4, line 32-col. 5, line 12.					
P,Y	US, A, 4,972,457 (O'SULLIVAN) 20 November 1990, See abstract, figs. 4,6, col. 6, lines 6-11, col. 7, line 7-col. 8, line 8.	1-10				
Y	US, A, 4,383,257 (GIALLANZA, ET AL.) 10 May 1983, See fig. 1, col. 1, lines 52-59 col. 3, line 59-col. 6, line 10.	5;9				
Y	US, A, 3,937,004 (NATORI, ET AL.) 10 February 1976, See abstract, Fig. 1, col. 1, lines 49-66.	10				
A	US, A, 4,806,906 (ODA, ET AL.) 21 February 1989, See asbtract, Fig. I, col. 1.	1,3,6,10				
Y	USA, 4,750,036 (MARTINEZ) 07 JUNE 1988 See abstract, col. 10, line 11, col. 11, line 64, figs. 1,3.	1-10				
* Special categories of cited documents: 13 "T" later document published after the international filling date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cated to understand the principle or theory underlying the						
considered to be of particular relevance "E" serier document but published on or after the international filling date "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to						
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another "y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention						
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or ments, such combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such documents. Such combined with one or more other such documents.						
other means document published prior to the international filing date but tast than the priority date claimed "E" document member of the same patent family						
IV. CERTIFICATION						
Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search * Date of Mailing of this international Search Report * 3 0 MAY 1001						
29 APRIL 1991 Signature of Authority i Signature of Authorized Officer in						
ISA/US ISA/US Significant of Authority Significant of						